

What is Equality Impact Analysis?

The Equality Act 2010 seeks to eliminate discrimination and meet the positive promotion aspects of equality legislation. An Equality Impact Analysis uses equality information and the results of engagement with groups to understand the actual or the potential effects of change or key decisions on our workforce and the general public. Completing this analysis will assist Members and officers to identify practical steps to address any negative effects and to highlight positive interventions.

Section 1 - Ownership

This section identifies the individual(s) responsible for identifying the potential positive and negative impacts from developing and implementing the spending reductions. There will be a number of potential positive and negative internal impacts which should be undertaken and monitored by the person responsible for implementing the proposed reductions

Title:	Equality Impact Asso	Equality Impact Assessment on the proposed changes to funding / spending reductions in Public Health Programmes					
Service impacted by proposed spending review	Relate – Phoenix Counselling Service (de-commission)						
Date Created	08/01/16	Review Date:	xxx Jan 2016	Version:	1		
Author:	Daren Mulley						

Person completing EIA:	1					
Signed:	2	Daren Mulley	Date:	08/01/16		
Person supervising EIA:						
Signed:	10	Deborah Redknapp	Date:	xxxx		

Section 2 - Potential Issues

Key Issues:	Impacts on:	Mitigating Action Taken:
The closure of the service will lead to children and young people being unable to receive counselling.	CAMHS, Schools, children, young people, children and young people services	1. The children and young people's mental health service is part of a borough wide transformation programme that will include a Wellbeing Hub. The wellbeing hub will consist of a multi-disciplinary mental health team which will make an assessment and will include supervised self-management, telephone and online counselling, group therapy, behaviour pathway or specialist treatment. The programme will also implement a resilience building training programme for all teachers and support staff to help them build resilience with their students. 2. Schools will have the opportunity to fund counselling for pupils under the care of their school but this is not guaranteed which could have an impact on the local Child and Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS) (i.e. longer waits for service or no service). 3. The Early Help service provides support to young people who are resident in the borough. Services can refer young people to the Early Help Service if they require emotional support or help with managing relationships. This service can

Mitigating Action Taken:	Impacts on:	Key Issues:
also provide support to the wider family if appropriate.		
1. The children and young people's mental health service is part of a borough	CAMHS	Closure of the service may increase demand on the local Child and
wide transformation programme that will include a Wellbeing Hub. The		Adolescent Mental Health Service (CAMHS), school budgets and
wellbeing hub will consist of a multi-disciplinary mental health team which will		other services that work with children.
make an assessment and will include supervised self-management, telephone		
and online counselling, group therapy, behaviour pathway or specialist		
treatment. The programme will also implement a resilience building training		
programme for all teachers and support staff to help them build resilience with		
their students.		
2. The Early Help service provides support to young people who are resident in		
the borough. Services can refer young people to the Early Help Service if they		
require emotional support or help with managing relationships. This service		
can also provide support to the wider family if appropriate	1 1 7 11 7 1 1 11.10	Lets are statuted as a settlistaliante add at acitotical
There has been nationally allocated NHS funding for Children's IAPT (improved	Children and young people / families / schools	Reduction in the availability of children and young people's mental
access to psychological therapies) that will be given to NELFT. The local		health services in Havering
financial envelope is circa £110k		

Section 3 - Potential Workforce Issues

The two part-time service staff is highly likely to lose the 16 counselling hours to operate the Phoenix Counselling Service. Staff could be transferred into other services that Relate are commissioned to provide, for example, the Council's proposal to expand the Family Therapy team. No other specific workforce issues have so far been identified

						Sexual Orientation
						Religion or Belief
						Касе
						Pregnancy & Maternity
						Marriage & Civil Partnership
						Gender Reassignment
						xəS
						Disability
						əgA
Owner	DesolO\neqO	Action Status	Mitigating Actions	Date Raised	Description of Issue	Protected Characteristics

Section 4 - Communication and Engagement Activity

Owner	Open/Closed	Action	Actions Raised	Summary of Feedback	Activity	Date	Target Audience
		Status					
DM	closed	completed	Council to send out questionnaire and	Email acknowledging the notice letter sent by provider	Letter of	31/11/12	Relate
			arrange meeting to discuss findings		termination Notice		
			and closure planning with provider				
DW	uədo	not complete		Feedback unavailable; Questionnaire to be sent out mid-January	Decommissioning	91/10/81	Relate
				and meeting to take place in February	Service		
					Questionnaire		

Target Audience	Date	Activity	Summary of Feedback	Actions Raised	Action	Open/Closed	Owner
Relate	15/02/16	Meeting and questionnaire	Feedback unavailable; meeting to take place in February		Status not complete	open	DM

Section 5 - Service Delivery Impacts and Issues

Due regard - Brown principles

These principles have been taken from the Equality and Human Rights Commission's paper on making fair financial decisions (Equality and Human Rights Commission, 2012).

Case law sets out broad principles about what public authorities need to do to have due regard to the aims set out in the general equality duties. These are sometimes referred to as the 'Brown principles' and set out how courts interpret the duties. They are not additional legal requirements but form part of the Public Sector Equality Duty as contained in section 149 of the Equality Act 2010.

Under the duty, local authorities must, in the exercise of their functions, have due regard to the need to:

- Eliminate unlawful discrimination, harassment, victimisation and other conduct prohibited by the Act
- Advance equality of opportunity between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not
- Foster good relations between people who share a protected characteristic and those who do not.

In summary, the Brown principles say that:

- Decision-makers must be made aware of their duty to have 'due regard' and to the aims of the duty.
- Due regard is fulfilled before and at the time a particular policy or proposal that will or might affect people with protected characteristics is under consideration, as well as at the time a decision is taken.
- Due regard involves a conscious approach and state of mind. A body subject to the duty cannot satisfy the duty by justifying a decision after it has been taken. Attempts to justify a decision as being consistent with the exercise of the duty, when it was not considered before the decision, are not enough to discharge the duty. General regard to the issue of equality is not enough to comply with the duty.
- The duty must be exercised in substance, with rigour and with an open mind in such a way that it influences the final decision.
- The duty has to be integrated within the discharge of the public functions of the body subject to the duty. It is not a question of 'ticking boxes'.
- The duty cannot be delegated and will always remain on the body subject to it.
- It is good practice for those exercising public functions to keep an accurate record showing that they had actually considered the general equality duty and pondered relevant questions. If records are not kept it may make it more difficult, evidentially, for a public authority to persuade a court that it has fulfilled the duty imposed by the equality duties.

Potential Service delivery impacts (Positive and Negative)

Protected Characteristics	Description of Issue	Date Raised	Mitigating Actions	Action Status	Open/Closed	Owner
Age	The counselling service is currently offered to children and young people aged 13-21 and withdrawal of the service will lead to children and young people being unable to access the service.	08/01/2016	Early Help support is available from across a range of venues and may provide some level of support and care to children and young people.	Further discussions to take place in February 2016	Open	DM
			Support available from the well-being hub may support young people who would have been referred to the counselling service.			
			Services will be supported to consider how			

						Sexual Orientation
						Religion or Belief
						Язсе
			Services will be supported to consider how they provide support to children and young people in the future and review their processes of referral on to other local mental health services.			
			Support available from the well-being hub may support young people who would have been referred to the counselling service.			
	unda	discussions to take place in February 2016	range of venues and may provide some level of support and care to children and young people.	01/10/00	The counselling service receives referrals for young women who are pregnant	ר ו בקרומורץ ע ועומוברוווע
DM	Open	Further	1) Early Help support is available from across a	91/10/80	The counselling service receives referrals for	Marriage & Civil Partnership Pregnancy & Maternity
						Gender Reassignment
			implemented (CCG / NELFT)			tacarasisased rabas?
			(Improving Access to Psychological Therapies (IAPI) has been improved and is due to be			
			Services will be supported to consider how they provide support to children and young people in the future and review their processes of referral on to other local mental health services.			
		-	Support available from the well-being hub may support young people who would have been referred to the counselling service.			
рм	Open	Further discussions to take place in February 2016	1) Early Help support is available from across a range of venues and may provide some level of support and care to children and young people.	91/10/80	The counselling service is currently offered to children and young people aged 13-21. Over 90% of clients are female so the closure of the service will have a negative impact on this characteristic.	xəs
						VillidsaiQ
			processes of referral on to other local mental health services. 2) Improving Access to Psychological Therapies (IAPT) has been improved and is due to be implemented (CCG / NELFT)			
			people in the future and review their			
	2:		they provide support to children and young			
Owner	Open/Closed	Action Status	Mitigating Actions	Date Raised		Protected Characteristics

Section 6: Data Sources

Data used	How has this information informed your decision
Contract monitoring data	The counselling service activity data has enabled the Council to identify the specific protected characteristics that will be negatively affected by the decommissioning of the service.
Havering Children and Young People's Mental Health Transformation Plan	The transformation plan includes a number of initiatives that will provide a more equitable service for young people than is currently available.

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